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10/706,360	11/12/2003	Barbara Liskov	CIS03-17(7429)	6805	
58406 BARRY W. CI	7590 12/13/200° HAPIN, ESO.	EXAM	EXAMINER		
CHAPIN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW, LLC WESTBOROUGH OFFICE PARK			PHAN, TUA	PHAN, TUANKHANH D	
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WESTBOROUGH, MA 01581			2153		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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,		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
,	•	10/706,360	LISKOV ET AL.		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		TuanKhanh Phan	2153		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address		
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Donsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fr c, cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. timely filed om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 A	ugust 2007.			
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11,	453 O.G. 213.		
Disposit	ion of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-27 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.			
Applicat	ion Papers	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
10) <u> </u>	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine The specific and the spe	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Stion is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea See the attached detailed Office action for a list	is have been received. is have been received in Applic rity documents have been rece u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ived in this National Stage		
2) Notice 3) Infor	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summ Paper No(s)/Mai 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

The amendment, file on 8/16/2007, has been entered and acknowledged by the Examiner. Claims 1-27 are pending in the instant application.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-27 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Thus, the applicant's argument is not persuasive.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Burbeck et al. (US Pat. 7,143,139), hereinafter Burbeck, and further in view of Srivastava (US Pat. 7,047,315).

Regarding claims 1, 21 and 24-26, Burbeck discloses a method in a computerized device for maintaining a client session in a network having a plurality of routers (i.e. having servlets called routers, col. 9, II. 1-5), the network having an application executed at a plurality of replicas (i.e. computer program product running a plurality of servlets or routers to receive inbound message, col. 9, II. 1-10), comprising the steps of:

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providing a database of bindings of request identifiers (i.e. binding or selecting a persistent node identifier and assigned to each network participant so that the node identifier can be identified and connected to the associated database after it leaves and re-enters the network, col. 4, II. 60-67) to replicas where each binding is a record having a request identifier (a persistent node identifier, abstract), a replica identifier and a binding expiration time (i.e. within a configurable time interval allowed, col. 3, line 25; a typical service level agreement that specified in the SSP's service commitments included service cycle and storage provide, col. 5, II. 45-55), the database associated with a first router of the plurality of routers (col. 9, II. 1-5; data base and web-service associated with the storage, col. 5, II. 45-55; col. 4, II. 1-4);

maintaining a change log of records entered into the database, each change log entry having a change event generated by the first router and an event number sequential to an event number of a preceding change event in the change log (i.e. the gossip monger manages and stores reputation information as meta-data to update any change overtime include routing paths and events of each node and associated data, col. 11, II. 15-26);

maintaining a current version vector associated with the database and the change log, the current version vector entry for the first router being a most recent event number from the change log (the gossip monger manages and stores reputation information as meta-data to update any change overtime include routing paths and events of each node and associated data, col. 11, II. 15-26), the current version

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vector entry for each other router being a most recent event number received at the first router from that other router (col. 11, II. 15-26); receiving an update of change events generated at another router in the plurality (i.e. routing paths and events/interaction history of nodes having medata-data includes current vector entry and refresh/update information gathered, col. 11, lines 15-26); reconciling the current version vector according to the received update (col. 3, II. 40-48); and reconciling the database according to the received update such that the client session is maintained (abstract).

While Burbeck concentrates heavily on peer-to-peer network with a router and server, the lack of plurality of servers could be combined. Srivastava discloses a plurality of routers (abstract) that also allow client identifiers to be binded with server/router identifiers (replicas) (col. 4, II. 59-63). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the plurality of routers/replicas mapping taught by Srivastava into the above teachings of Burbeck in order to maintain a consistent flow of data and provide a fast-switched over a path to the intended replica so that network overhead and bandwidth are reduced (col. 6, II. 50-55).

Regarding claim 2, the method of claim 1, Burbeck further discloses wherein the request identifier is a client identifier and an application identifier (i.e. identifiers are defined for nodes/routers to be identified across network sessions, abstract).

Regarding claim 3, Burbeck further discloses the method of claim 2 wherein the client identifier is an Internet Protocol address (col. 1, II. 38-56).

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Regarding claim 4, Burbeck further discloses the method of claim 2 wherein the client identifier is a dproxy Internet Protocol address such that the binding associates a dproxy with a replica (Figure 17A; col. 1, II. 38-56).

Regarding claim 5, the method of claim 1, Burbeck further discloses wherein the step of reconciling the current version vector comprises the steps of: comparing a least recent event number of the router that generated the update to the event number in the current version vector entry, for that router (i.e. updating and storing content traversal path definition as well as reputation information as appropriate, col. 23, II. 30-55); if the least recent event number is in series with the event numbers in the database as determined by the current version vector entry for that other router, then entering the most recent event number of the received update into the current version vector (the gossip monger manages and stores reputation information as metadata to update any change overtime include routing paths and events of each node and associated data, col. 11, II. 15-26) entry for the router that generated the update of change events (col. 23, II. 30-65); and if the least recent event number in the update is not in succession to the event number in the current version vector entry for the router that generated the update of change events, then discarding the received update (col. 23, II. 30-65).

Regarding claim 6, the method of claim 5 Burbeck further discloses wherein the step of reconciling the database further comprises: if the update was not discarded in the step of reconciling the current version vector, then for each entry of the received update, a) determining whether the received entry has expired (col. 3, II. 5-45); b) if the

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received entry has expired, then discarding the entry (col. 3, II. 5-32); c) if the received entry has not expired, then comparing the request identifier of the received entry with the request identifier in the entries in the database (i.e. encompassing the response to node's version of its reputation before the failure to satisfy the content request if the time interval expires, col. 3, II. 5-32); d) if a matching entry is not found for the received entry, adding the received entry to the database (col. 3, II. 5-32); e) if a matching entry is found for the received entry, then comparing the application identifier of the received entry with the application identifier of the matching entry (col. 3, II. 5-32); f) if the application identifiers match, then retaining the entry having a later expiration time in the database (col. 30); and g) if the application identifiers do not match, then retaining an entry selected based on a deterministic function applied to a portion of each entry (abstract; col. 3, lines 5-52, col. 28).

Regarding claim 7, Burbeck further discloses the method of claim 6 wherein the step of retaining an entry based on a deterministic function comprises the steps of applying a function to the application identifiers (col. 23, II. 30-65); and selecting an entry based on the outcome of the function (col. 23, II. 30-65).

Regarding claim 8, the method of claim 6, Burbeck further discloses wherein the step of retaining an entry based on a deterministic function comprises the steps of applying the deterministic function to the request identifier (abstract, mapping applications of client to the server) and selecting an entry based on the outcome of the deterministic function (col. 23, lines 30-62).

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Regarding claim 9, the method of claim 1, Burbeck further discloses comprising the step of deleting a binding from the database when the expiration time for the binding has been exceeded (col. 23, II. 30-62).

Regarding claim 10, the method of claim 1 and Burbeck further discloses comprising the step of sending a request for an update of change events to another router in the plurality (col. 23, II. 30-65); and the step of receiving the update further comprises receiving the update in response to the request (col. 23, II. 30-65).

Regarding claim 11, the method of claim 1 and Srivastava further discloses further comprising the steps of: periodically generating a first router update of change events (col. 14, II. 30-49, col. 31); and, transmitting the first router update of change events to at least one other router in the plurality (col. 14, lines 30-49; col. 31).

Regarding claim 12, the method of claim 1 and Srivastava further discloses comprising the steps of: affirming that an update has been received from each router of the plurality within a predetermined period for each router (col. 14, II. 30-49; col. 31); if an update has not been received from a router within the predetermined period for that router, requesting an update of change events from that router (col. 14, lines 30-49; col. 31); and if an update is received in response to the request, reconciling the current version vector according to the received update (col. 14, lines 30-49; col. 31); and reconciling the database according to the received update (col. 14, lines 30-49; col. 31).

Regarding claim 13, the method of claim 5 and Srivastava further discloses wherein the step of reconciling the database further comprises the steps of: determining from the received update whether the database has a complete record of changes

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based on the current version vector (col. 14, lines 30-49; col. 31); if the database does not have a complete record of changes, requesting a replacement database from a router of the plurality of routers (col. 14, lines 30-49; col. 31).

Regarding claim 14, the method of claim 1, Srivastava further discloses, further comprising the step of transmitting a copy of the database and the current version vector to another router of the plurality of routers in response to a request from the other router (col. 14, lines 30-49; col. 31)

Regarding claim 15, see the discussion of claim 1 and Burbeck further discloses wherein the computerized device fails temporarily and recovers, the method further comprising the steps of: writing the first router change log to a persistent storage device (col. 23, II. 30-60); sending an update of change events written to the change log in the persistent storage device to other routers in the network (col. 23, II. 40-60); after recovering from failure, requesting a database and an associated version vector from one of the routers in the plurality (see discussion of claim 1); col. 31); retaining the received database and associated version vector (abstract); reconciling the received database with the change log from the persistent storage device (col. 13, II. 25-45; col. II. 30-49); and updating the received version vector (col. 13, II. 25-45).

Regarding claim 16, the method of claim 1 and Burbeck discloses wherein the received update includes a version vector and the method of maintaining a current version vector further comprises the step of maintaining the current version vector in a version vector table including past version vectors (col. 13, II. 25-45).

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Regarding claim 17, Burbeck discloses the method of claim 16 further comprising the steps of: determining from the version vector table whether the database is current based on the version vector table (col. 13, lines 25-45; col. 23, II. 40-60); and if the database is not current, then requesting missed change events from a second router in the network (col. 28, lines 1-10).

Regarding claim 18, Burbeck discloses the method of claim 17 wherein each router caches updates received from other routers in the plurality, the method further comprising the step of (abstract): if the router that generated the received update does not respond to the request for missed change events, requesting the missed change events from a second router of the plurality and reconciling the change events into the database and current version vector. It is inherent that since record is periodically ingress update in the table and storage, any miss change of events will be updated entirely upon next update event (col. 23, II. 40-60).

Regarding claim 19, the method of claim 1 and Burbeck discloses wherein the computerized device fails temporarily and recovers, wherein the step of maintaining a current version vector further comprises the steps of: creating an epoch timestamp from a clock of the computerized device to mark a recovery period (col. 12, II. 5-20); entering a value pair to the current version vector for the first router, the value pair being an event number and the epoch timestamp (col. 12, II. 5-35); and the method further comprising the step of after recovery, requesting a database copy and associated version vector from one of the other routers in the plurality (see discussion of claim 1).

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Regarding claim 20, Burbeck further discloses the method of claim 19 further comprising the steps of: determining whether a pre-selected time period has passed (col. 3, 25-35); and deleting value pairs before a most recent value pair from the current version vector having timestamps created before the pre-selected time period (col. 11, II. 15-40).

Regarding claim 22, Burbeck discloses the system of claim 21 wherein the network interface is configured to receive an update of change events for the database from another router in the plurality of routers in the network; and the controller is further configured to reconcile the database according to the received update and to update the current version vector in response to reconciling the database (col. 11, Il. 15-40).

Regarding claim 23, Burbeck discloses the system of claim 21 wherein the controller is configured to transmit periodically, to at least one of the other routers in the plurality, an update of change events and the current version vector (col. 11, ll. 15-26).

Regarding claim 27, Burbeck discloses the method of claim 26 wherein the router is a DNS server and wherein the application identifier in the request is a domain name and wherein the step of routing comprises mapping the request to an Internet Protocol address of the one replica (abstract).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to TuanKhanh Phan whose telephone number is 571-270-

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3047. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon to Fri, 8:00am to 4:30pm EST, 1st Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenton B. Burgess can be reached on 571-272-3949. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

TKP